

The Conundrum of *Roadside Trees:* Joy for the People, but Plight for the Trees

**Peter Duinker
(presenter)**

(Dalhousie University)

James Steenberg

Sophie Nitoslawski

Bimal Aryal

David Foster

Kelsey Hayden



Presented at:

**Trees, People, and the
Built Environment III**

Birmingham, UK

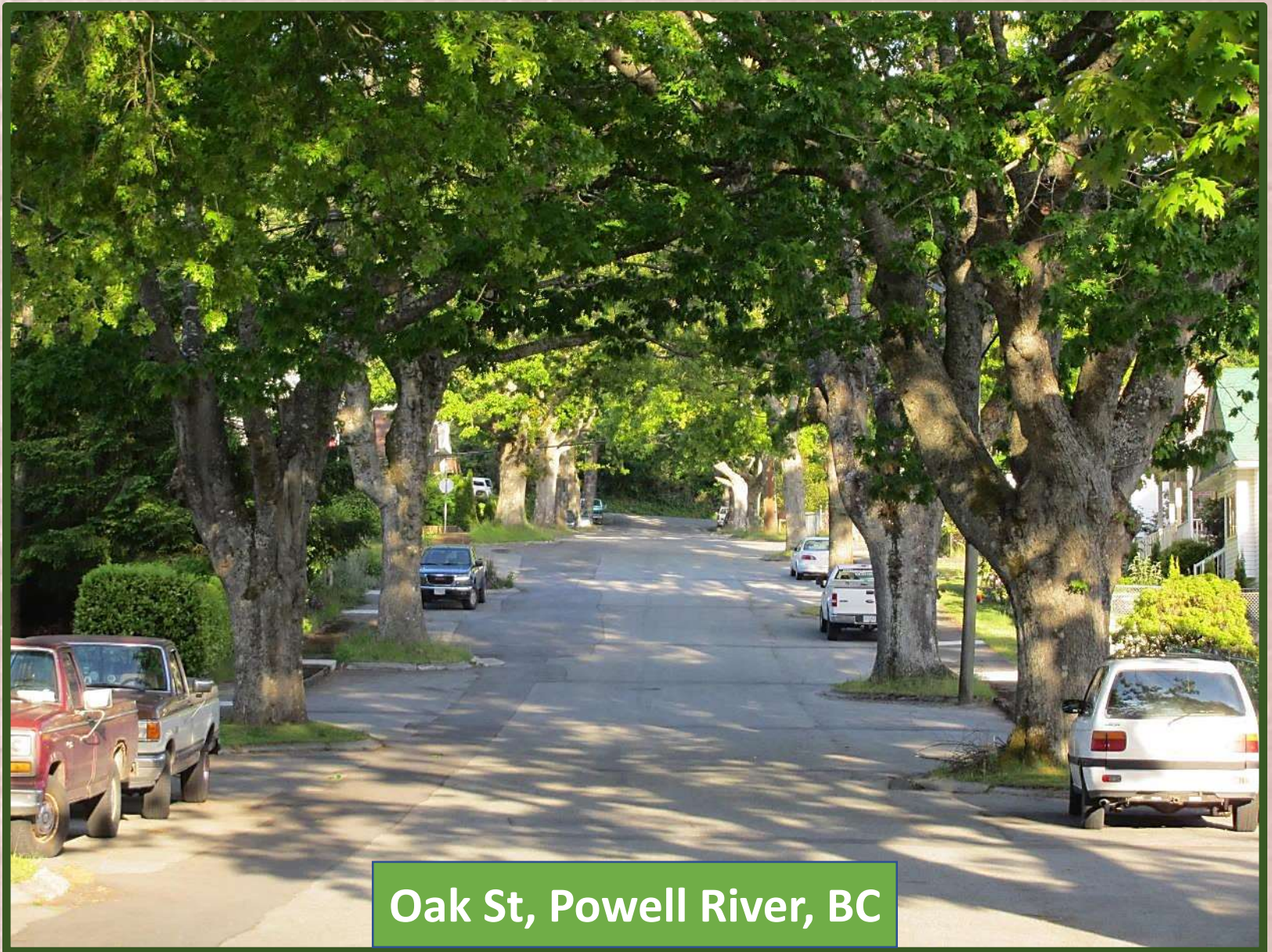
April 2017

The Parts and Their Order

- **Overview of the Issue**
- **Our Research Findings**
 - **Tree Location Matters to Benefits Delivery**
 - **Street-Tree Species Diversity**
 - **Street-Tree Spacing**
 - **Grass Maintenance**
 - **Tree-Lawn Parameters**
- **Mgmt Considerations**
- **Conclusions**



Overview of the Issue



Oak St, Powell River, BC



Poplar St, Powell River, BC

Research Findings: Tree Location Matters to Benefits Delivery

- Four site types



Benefits and Disamenities

Benefits

Aesthetic beauty	Road safety
Conserve fuel	Recreation opportunities
Life of infrastructure	Learning opportunities
Community safety	Enhances learning
Shade	Carbon capture
Cool the city	Employment
Energy costs (direct)	Property values
Energy costs (indirect)	Stormwater flow
Business appeal	Water quality
Enhance tourism	Biodiversity
Diverse foods	Sense of place
Clean air	Sense of well-being
Health and healing	

Disamenities

Powerlines
Underground infrastructure
Sidewalks & roads
Buildings
Health (allergies)
Shade
Taxes
Annual debris
Management costs
Undesirable wildlife
Perception of Danger

Res Tree

	By Roads	Near Buildings	In Parks	In Hinterlands
Aesthetic beauty	3	3	2	2
Conserve fuel	3	2	0	0
Life of infrastructure	3	1	0	0
Community safety	3	2	1	0
Shade	3	3	3	1
Cool the city	3	2	2	1
Energy costs (direct)	2	3	1	0
Energy costs (indirect)	3	3	2	1
Business appeal	3	3	3	0
Enhance tourism	1	1	2	3
Diverse foods	1	2	3	2
Clean air	3	3	3	1
Health and healing	3	3	3	3
Road safety	3	1	0	0
Recreation opportunities	2	2	3	3
Learning opportunities	3	3	3	3
Enhances learning	3	3	3	1
Carbon capture	3	3	3	3
Employment	2	1	1	3
Property values	3	2	3	1
Stormwater flow	3	2	2	1
Water quality	3	2	1	2
Biodiversity	2	1	2	3
Sense of place	3	3	3	2
Sense of well-being	3	3	3	3

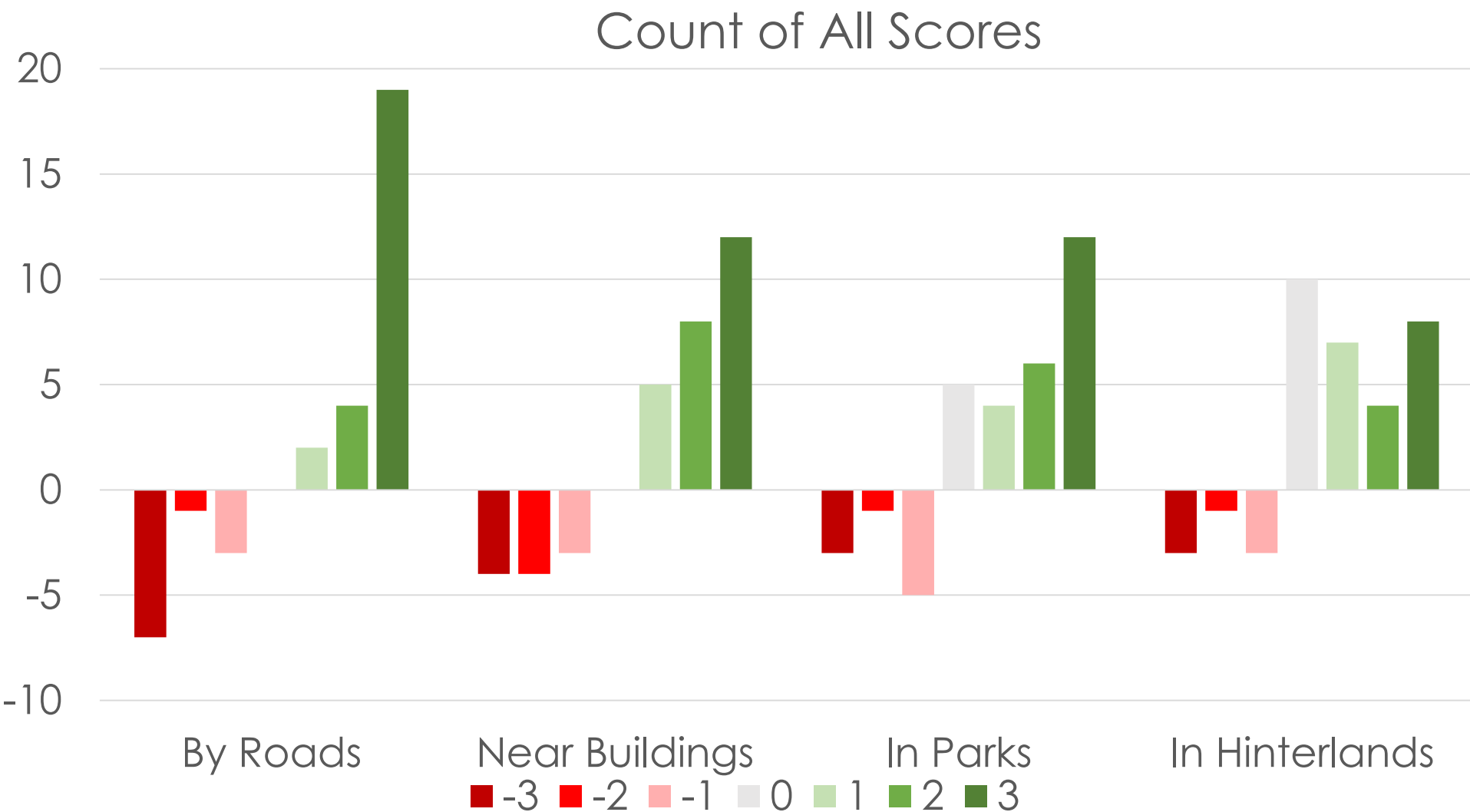
ivery

Research Findings:

Tree Location Matters to Benefits Delivery

	By Roads	Near Buildings	In Parks	In Hinterlands
Powerlines	-3	-1	0	-1
Underground infrastructure	-3	-3	-1	0
Sidewalks & roads	-3	-1	-1	0
Buildings	-2	-3	0	-3
Health (allergies)	-3	-3	-3	-3
Shade	-1	-3	-1	0
Taxes	-3	-2	-3	-1
Annual debris	-3	-2	-1	0
Management costs	-3	-2	-1	-1
Undesirable wildlife	-1	-1	-2	-3
Perception of Danger	-1	-2	-3	-2

Research Findings: Tree Location Matters to Benefits Delivery



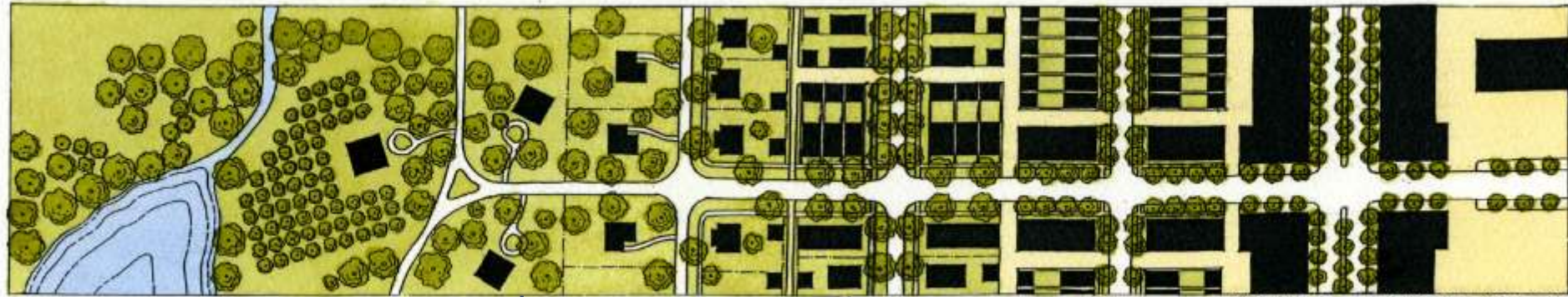
Research Findings:

Tree Location Matters to Benefits Delivery

- **Street Trees:**
 - **Highest delivery of benefits**
 - **Highest delivery of disamenities**
 - **Easiest for access to install and maintain**
 - **Most encountered by people**

Research Findings: Street-Tree Species Diversity

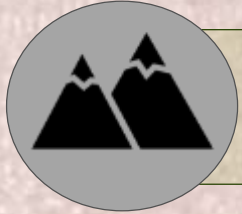
Studying tree diversity in suburban areas



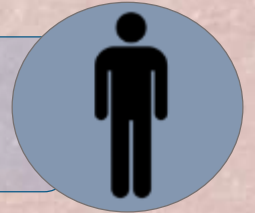
© DUANY PLATER-ZYBERK & COMPANY

Greater species richness

Drivers of suburban tree diversity



Biophysical characteristics and natural features



Demographics and culture



Administration and management



Professional cultures and paradigms



Community and neighbourhood design

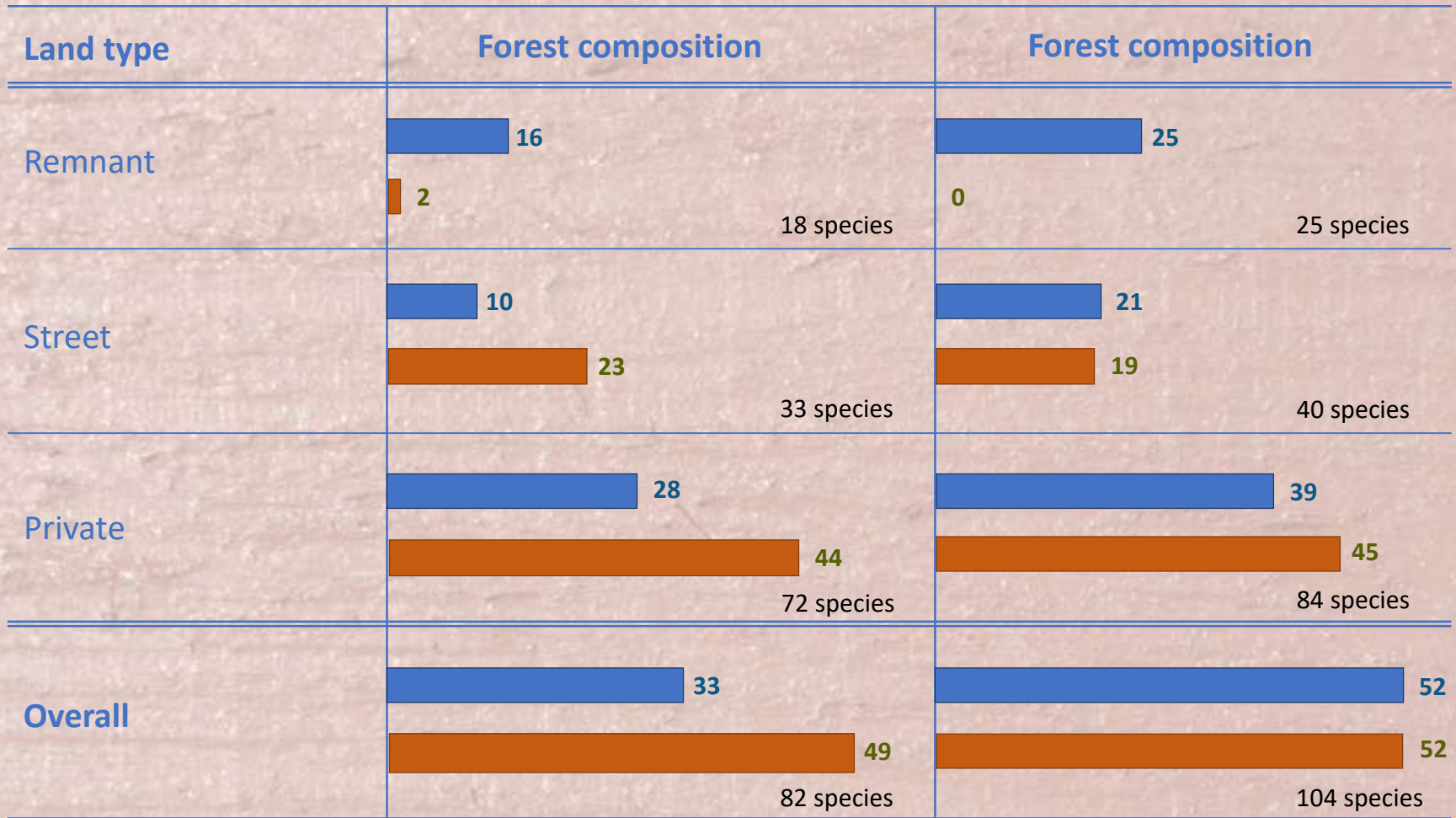
General results for species composition

Non-native

Native

Halifax

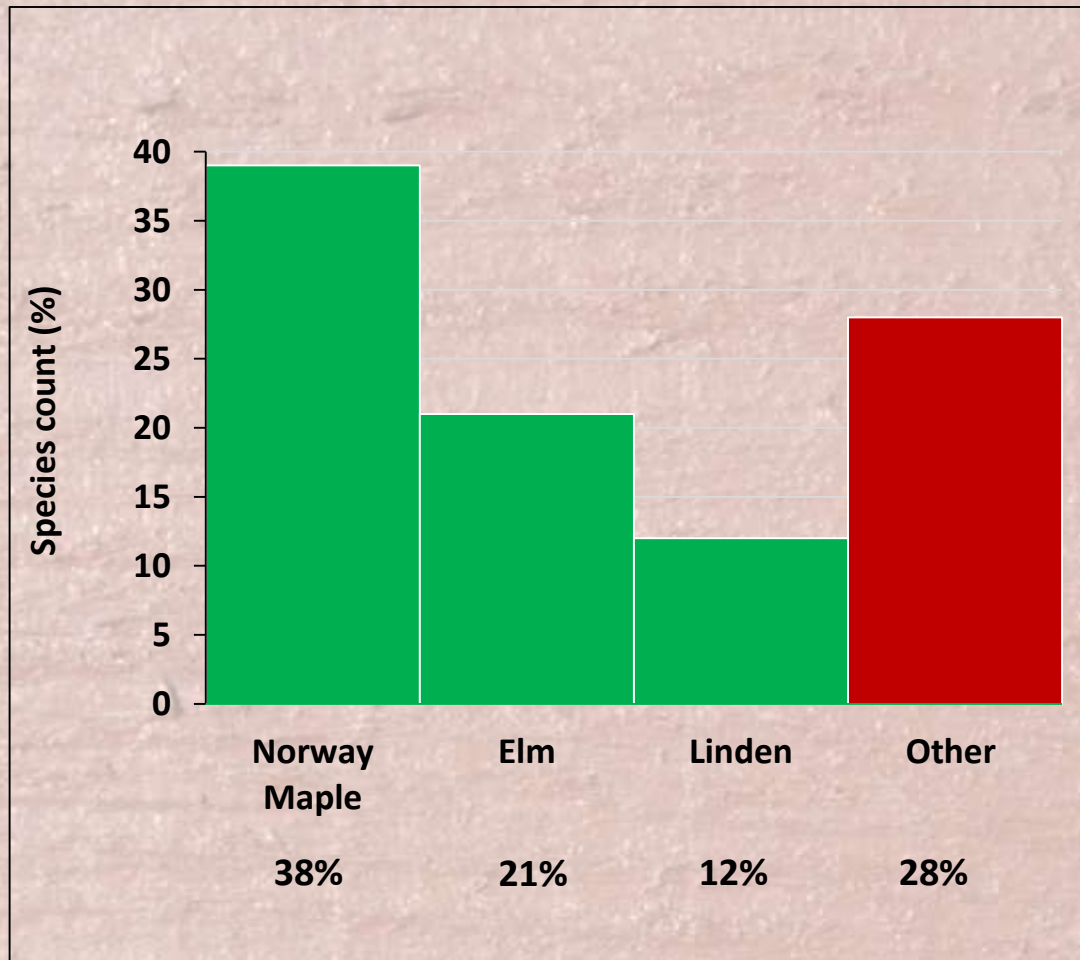
London



42 native tree species

85 native tree species

Results on Street-Tree Composition in Mature Neighbourhoods of Halifax



Research Findings:

Street-Tree Species Diversity

- **We have serious street-level and neighbourhood-level tree-species diversity issues in Halifax**
- **New plantings are trying to rectify this**

Research Findings: Street-Tree Spacing



Range of Street-tree spacing in Halifax



Source: Google Earth



5-6 m

Street Trees



10-12 m

Source: Google Earth

Street Trees



Source: Google Earth

12-20 m

Over 20 m



Do we want street trees close together or far apart?



15 m

Newly planted trees



5-6 m

(Trees over 50 years)



Street-tree Spacing in Diverse Cities

Cities	Street-tree spacing		
	Large (m)	Medium (m)	Small (m)
Hamilton	10	N/A	6
North Vancouver	15-18	8-13	5-9
Vancouver	9-11	8-10	6-10
Regina	10	N/A	8
Visalia (USA)	9-14	7-10	6-7
Toronto	5-10		
Boston	9-13	7	6
Portland	7		
Richmond	6-12		
Milpitas	5-15		
Buffalo	Minimum 9 m		
Parramatta (Australia)	10	7	5
Sydney (Australia)	10-15	7-10	7
Kansas	10-20		

Street Trees as Providers of Ecosystem Services

1. Improved air quality
2. Absorption of pollutants
3. Slowing storm water flow
4. Shading of asphalt, cars and buildings
5. Energy savings



Source: Google Earth

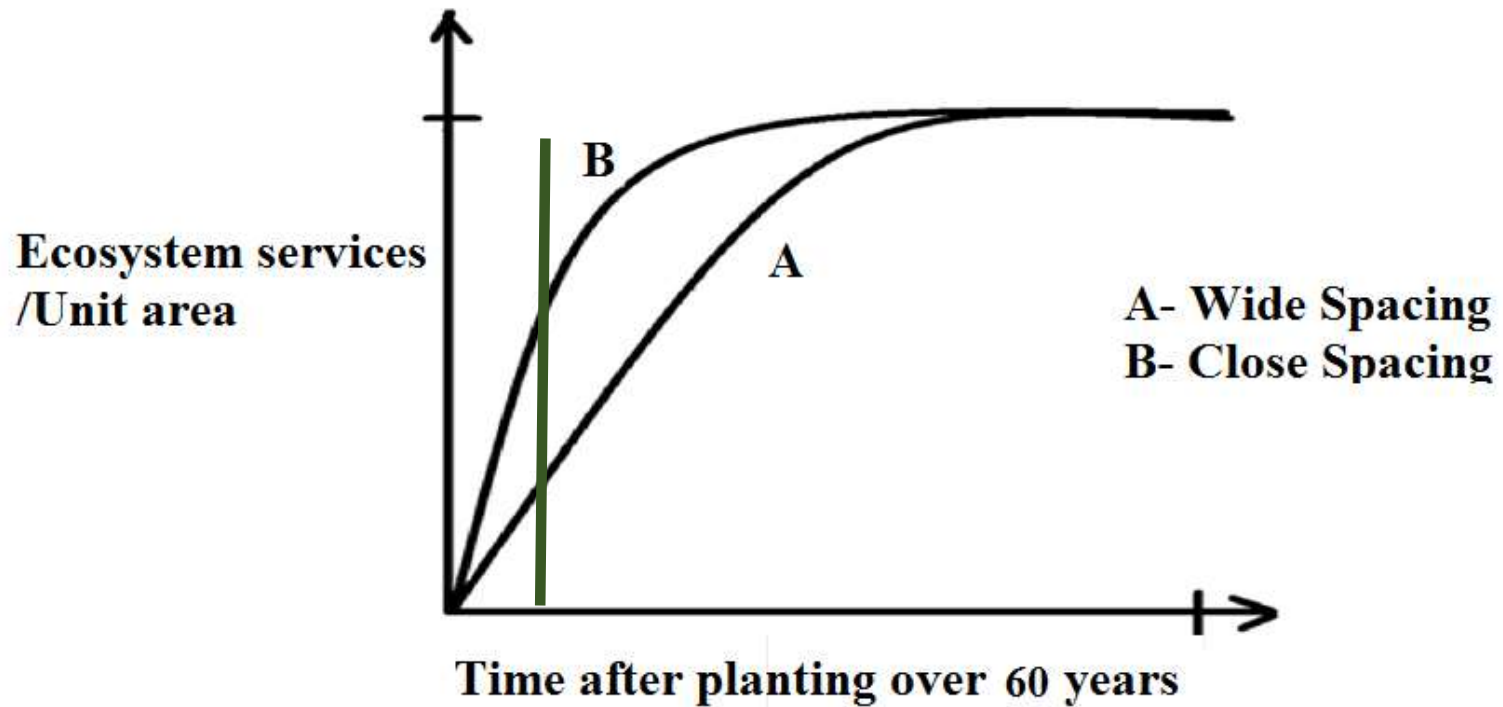


**Amount of tree foliage per
unit land area, not per tree**



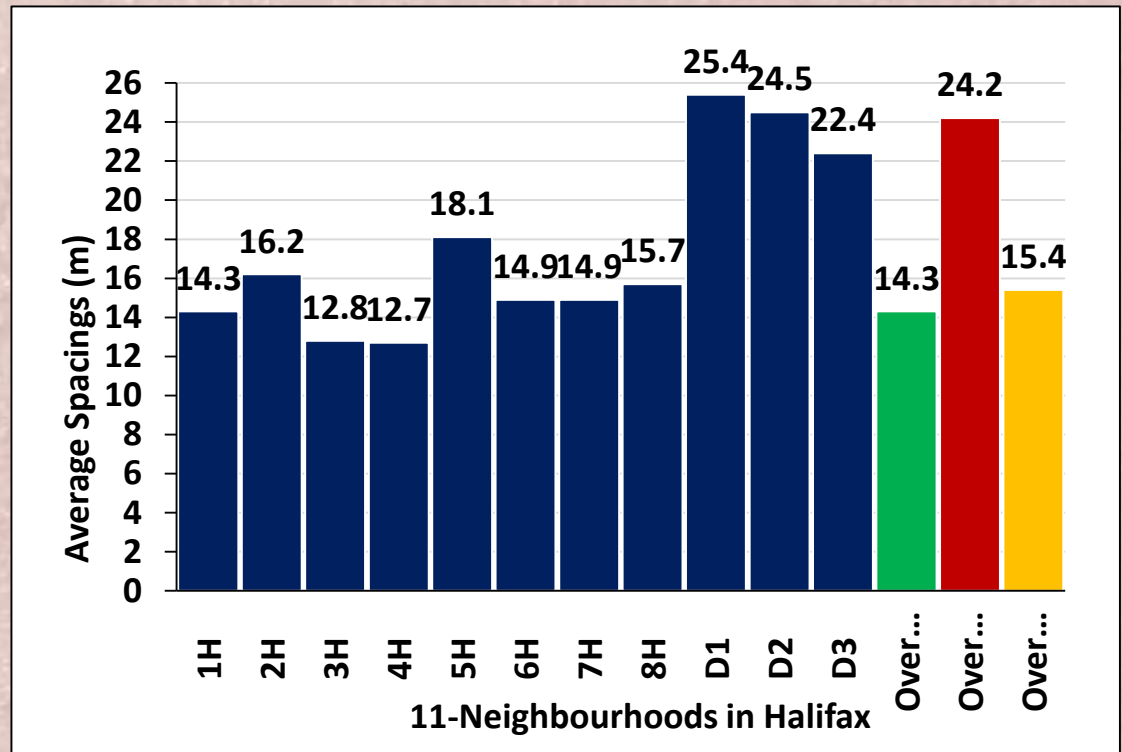
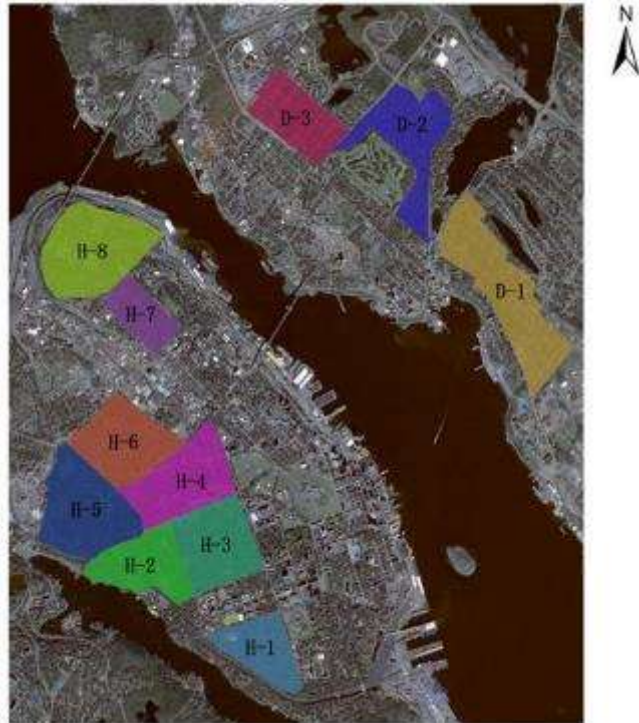
Ecosystem Services

Ecosystem services per unit area over 60 years

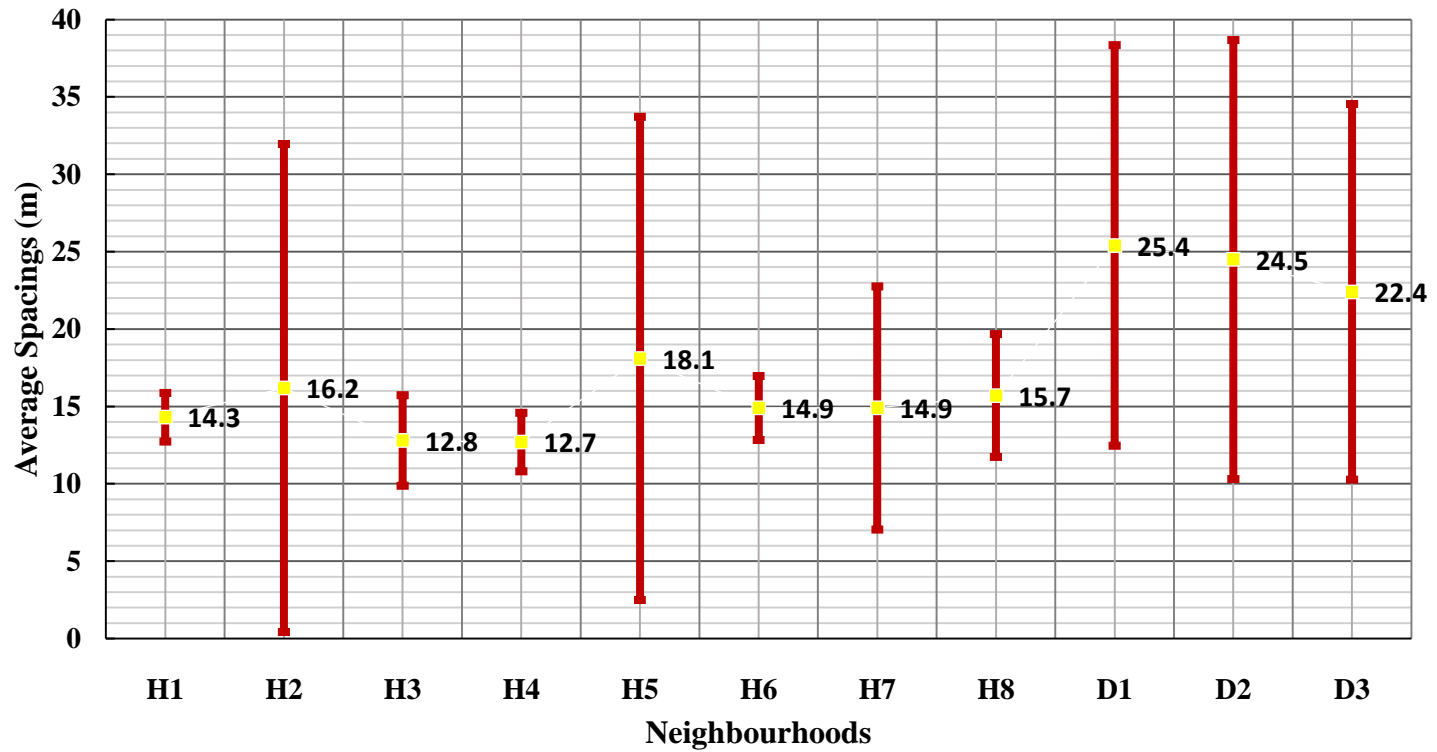


Average Spacing of Street trees in Halifax

Study Area



Comparing Average Spacing between Neighbourhoods



Research Findings: Street-Tree Spacing

Years taken to reach 50% crown cover by three species using different growth models

Spacings	Elm		Norway Maple		Linden	
	PD_GM	iTreeGM	PD_GM	iTreeGM	PD_GM	iTreeGM
5	21	25	18	21	19	22
6	25	30	22	27	24	29
7	28	35	26	33	29	36
8	31	39	30	37	33	42
9	34	44	33	42	37	48
10	37	48	36	47	41	54
11	40	52	40	52	45	60
12	42	55	42	55	48	64
13	45	60	46	60	53	70
14	47	62	48	63	56	73
15	51	67	52	68	61	79
16	53	70	55	72	65	83
17	56	73	58	75	70	80
18	58	75	60	77	72	90
19	61	79	64	82	79	96
20	63	81	66	84	83	99

Research Findings: Grass Maintenance

Threats to urban trees

- Urbanization/loss of woodlots
- Air pollution
- Water pollution
- Invasive pests and diseases
- Vandalism
- **Mechanical damage**



Mechanical Damage

Any damage that a tree incurs from mechanical grass maintenance equipment



<http://www.better-lawn-care.com/>



www.stihlusa.com

Mechanical Damage

- **Affects health and ability to grow**
- **When damage reaches cambium layer, damage is more severe**
- **Functional priorities shift at expense of future tree growth**
- **Very few formal studies exploring this issue**



HRM Case Study

- Four rounds of surveying: mid June, early July, late July, and mid September
- Routes chosen by HRM staff
 - Caliper trees planted through HRM contracts, and presence of HRM-maintained grass

Route	Number of trees	Length of route (km)
North End/Peninsula	369	5.03
Crichton Park/Mic Mac Blvd	15	0.83
Colby Village	102	1.50
Clayton Park	310	5.25
Eastern Passage	48	0.90
Total	844	13.51

HRM Case Study

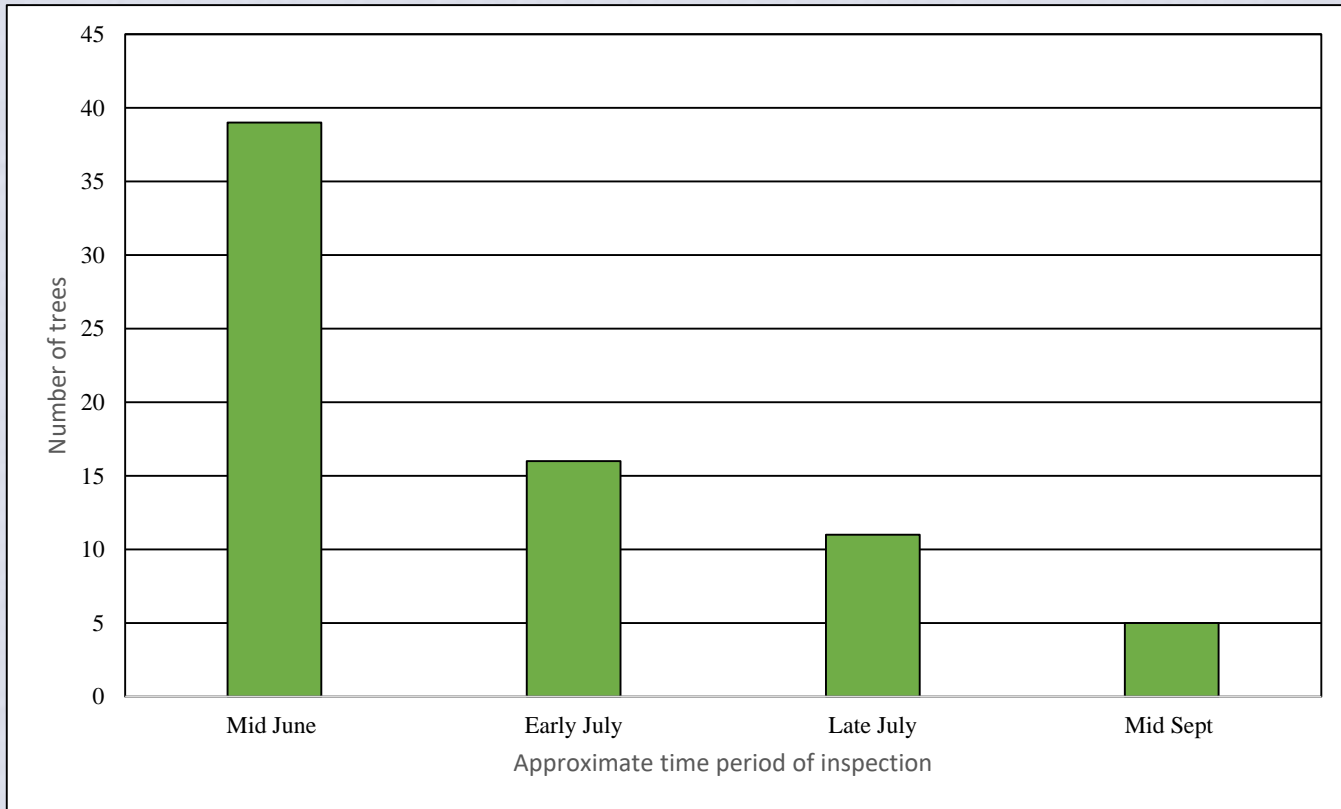
- Each tree inspected for presence/absence of recent mechanical damage
- Lowest 50 cm of trunk
- If there was recent damage:
 - Location of tree
 - Type of damage
 - Size of damage
 - Picture of damage



HRM Case Study

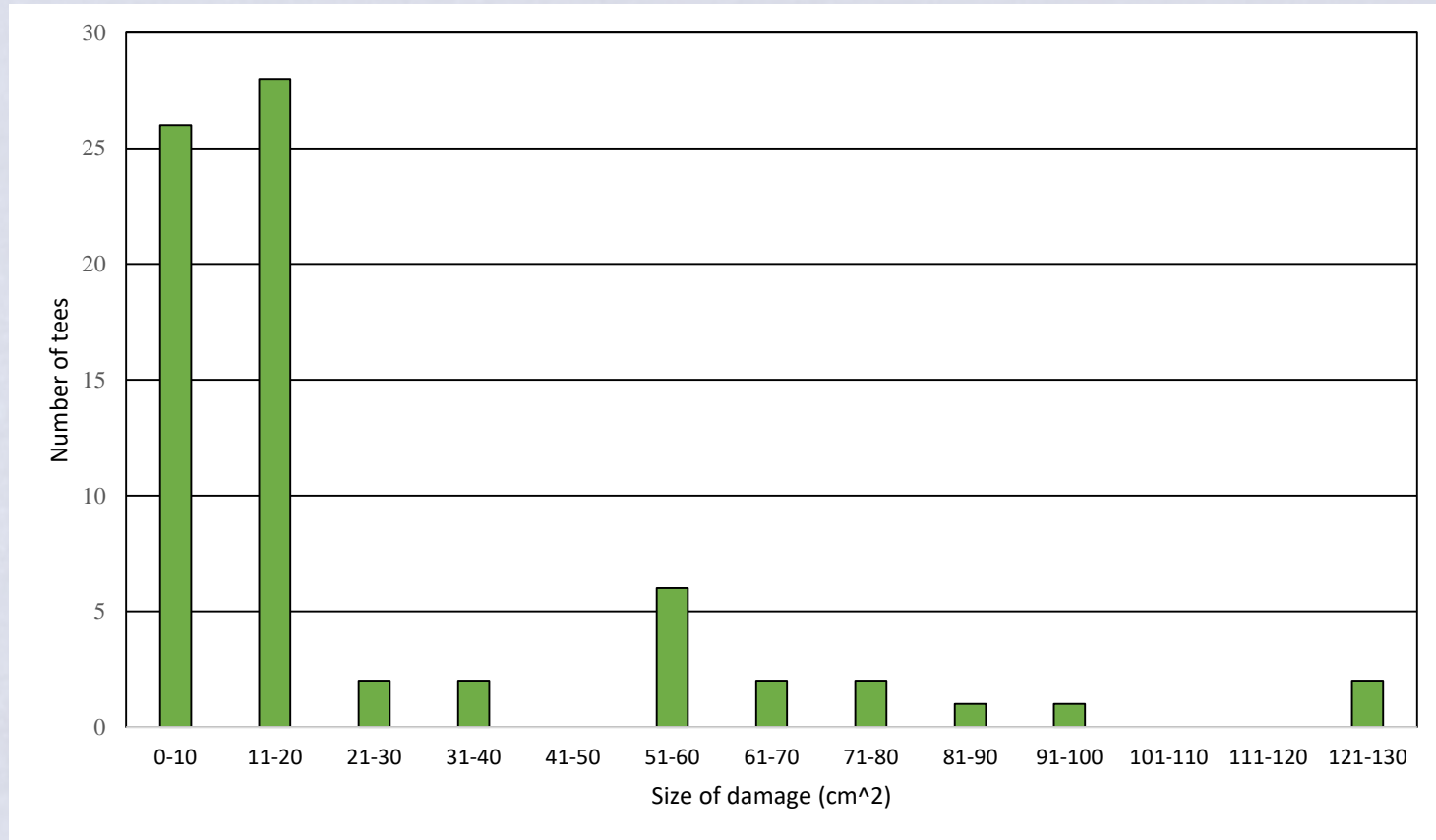


HRM Case Study



Number of recently-damaged trees by inspection date

HRM Case Study



Number of newly-damaged trees by size of damage

HRM Case Study

- **In total: 71 trees had recent mechanical damage**
 - **8.41%**
- **Current fine: \$100 per 7.5 cm²**
- **Average size of damage: 25 cm²**
- **Approximately equal instances of scuffing and bark removal**
- **Total cost of damages if HRM fined to the fullest extent: almost \$24K**

“Research” Findings: Tree-Lawn Parameters



“Research” Findings: Tree-Lawn Parameters



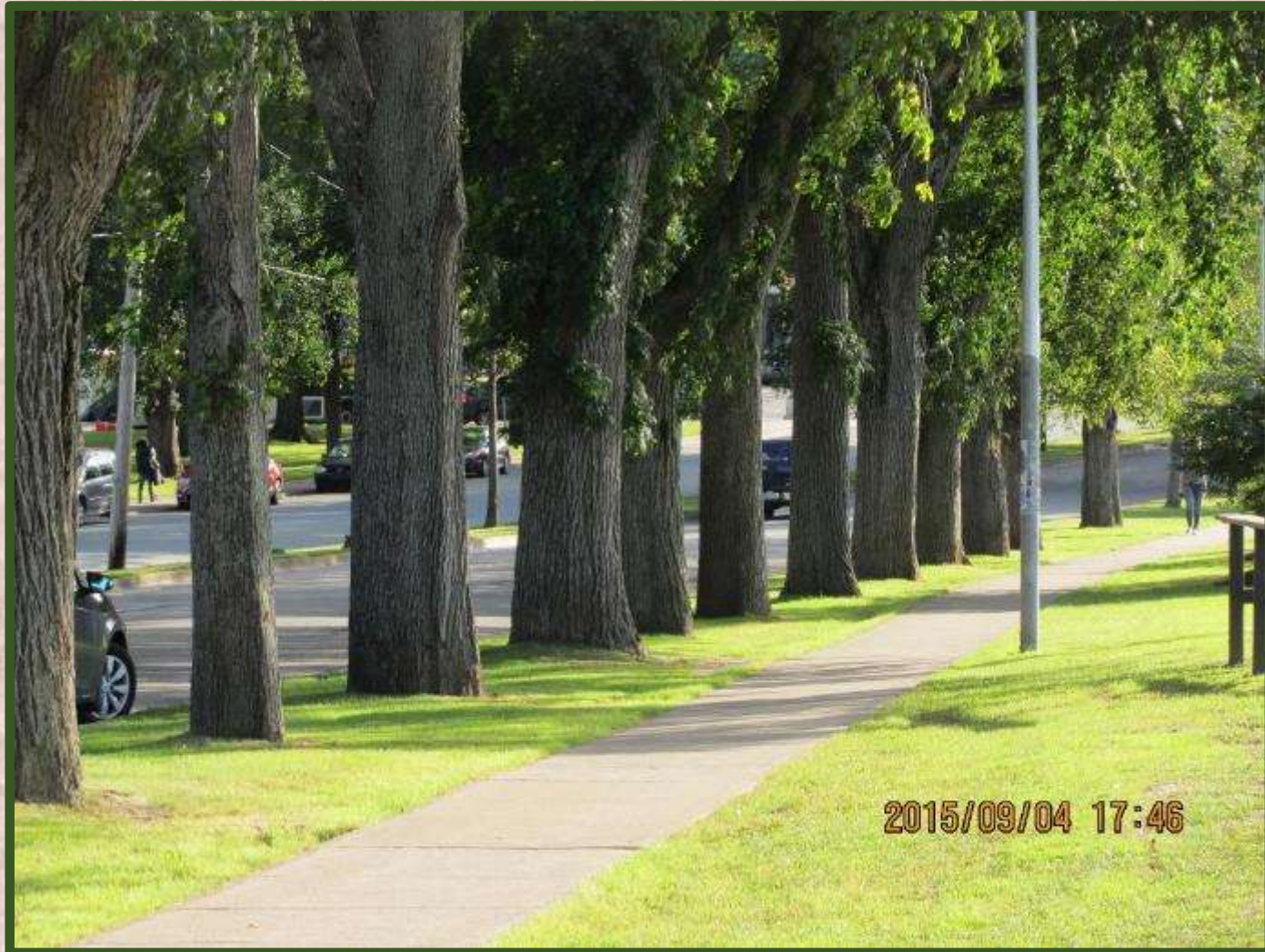
“Research” Findings: Tree-Lawn Parameters



“Research” Findings: Tree-Lawn Parameters



Management Considerations: Creating the Tree Lawn



Management Considerations: Creating the Tree Lawn



Management Considerations: Creating the Tree Lawn



Management Considerations: Creating the Tree Lawn



Management Considerations: Creating the Tree Lawn



Management Considerations: Creating the Tree Lawn



Management Considerations: Creating the Tree Lawn



Management Considerations: Creating the Tree Lawn



Management Considerations: Street-Tree Species Diversity

- **Diverse species list, predominantly of native species (or cultivars thereof), long-lived, tough, appropriate in a changing climate**
- **Street-level and neighbourhood-level diversity**

Management Considerations: Street-Tree Spacing

- Closer together!
- Develop specifications for linear density, not distance apart (e.g., 13 trees/100 metres streetside, max and min separation distances)



Management Considerations: Tree Protection

Prevention

Education

Protection

Physical
barriers

Accountability

Fines and
penalties



City of St. Louis Parks Dept, 2016



<http://www.wikihow.com/Protect-Young-Tree-Trunks-from-Lawn-Care-Damage>



<http://gibneyce.com/8-read-about-follow-up-care.html>

“A penalty of \$100.00 per 7.5 square centimetre of damaged tissue shall be levied when the Contractor is found to be responsible for causing the damage”

Management Considerations: Tree Protection



Conclusions

- **Municipalities should focus most resources onto street trees – they own them, they're in the best and the worst place!**

p.s. what role for property owners?



